

NITYAS GEMS AND JEWELLERY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404

Regd. Office: 8, Harikrushna Soc at Nanavaracha Surat M Corp OG Part Surat-395006
E-mail: nityasjewels@gmail.com , Ph: 9727176754

NOTICE OF A.G.M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 02nd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF NITYAS GEMS AND JEWELLERY PRIVATE LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON MONDAY, 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2024 AT REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY SITUATED AT 8, HARIKRUSHNA SOC AT NANAVARACHA SURAT M CORP OG PART SURAT-395006 AT 10.00 A.M. TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Balance Sheet as on **31/03/2024** and the Profit & Loss Account for the period ended on that date together with the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

FOR BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF
NITYAS GEMS AND JEWELLERY PRIVATE LIMITED

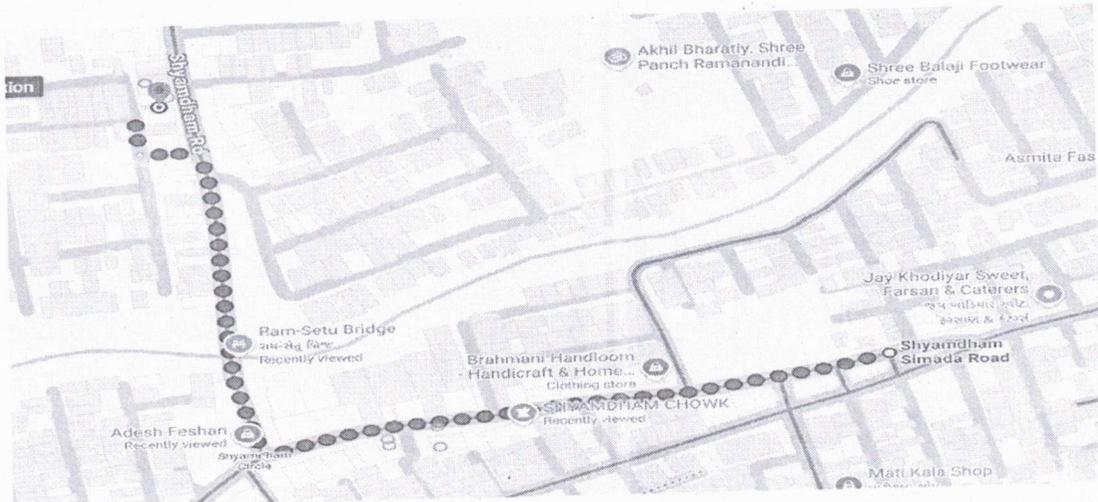
R. Lalubhai

Rajnikant Lalubhai Chanchad
Chairman/Director
DIN: 08715741

PLACE: SURAT
DATE: 03/09/2024

Notes:

1. A Member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote only on poll instead of himself and proxy need not be a member of the Company.
2. Proxy to be effective must be deposited at Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the time of meeting.
3. The Map of Venue of AGM is given below and the prominent land mark near the venue is Shyamdharm Circle, Nanavaracha.



NITYAS GEMS AND JEWELLERY PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404

Regd. Office: 8, Harikrushna Society, At Nana Varachha,
Surat - 395006, Gujarat, India

E-mail ID: nityasjewels@gmail.com

Contact No.: +91 9727176754

Board's Report

To,
The Members,
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited

Your directors have pleasure in presenting their **Second Annual Report** on the business and operations of the company together with Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

Particulars	Amount (in Lacs)			
	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2023-24	2022-23	2023-24	2022-23
Revenue from Operations	5365.89	1166.82	5365.89	1166.82
Other Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Profit/(Loss) before Depreciation and Tax	527.77	48.92	527.56	48.92
Less: Depreciation	31.09	13.70	31.09	13.70
Profit/(Loss) before tax	496.68	35.22	496.47	35.22
Less: Provision for Income Tax	85.74	6.08	85.74	6.08
Less/(Add): Deferred tax Liability / (Assets)	(0.38)	0.40	(0.37)	0.40
Profit/(Loss) after tax	411.32	28.74	411.10	28.74
Add: Balance B/F from the previous year	28.74	0.00	28.74	0.00
Balance Profit/ (Loss) C/F to the next year	440.06	28.74	439.84	28.74

2. PERFORMANCE REVIEW, OPERATION AND PROSPECTS:

During the year under review, On Standalone basis, the company has recorded turnover of Rs. 5365.89 Lacs against the previous year turnover of Rs. 1166.82 Lacs and net profit of Rs. 411.32 Lacs against last year net profit of Rs. 28.74 Lacs.

During the year under review, On Consolidated basis, the company recorded has turnover of Rs. 5365.89 Lacs against the previous year turnover of Rs. 1166.82 Lacs and net profit of Rs. 411.10 Lacs against last year net profit of Rs. 28.74 Lacs.

The Company has achieved excellent growth both in terms of top line as well as bottom line due to buoyant economy and hard efforts put in by the management and entire work force and it is well on the way to further growth. The company has good order position on hand and with aggressive marketing strategy, it will further strengthen. Your company is also making continuous efforts to improve the quality of products to sustain and grow in the competitive market.

3. DIVIDEND:

During the year under review, the company has earned net profit. However, to strengthen long term financial position of company, your directors decided to retain the profit and hence do not recommend any dividend for the year.

4. TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The company has not transferred any amount to General Reserve during the financial year.

5. BOARD MEETINGS:

The Board of Directors comprised of Mr. Rajnikant Chanchad and Mr. Nileshbhai Panchani. The Board of Directors of the company met 05 times during the year on 30.06.2023, 05.09.2023, 09.11.2023, 23.01.2024 and 11.03.2024.

6. CHANGES IN DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

During the year under review, there was no change in the directorship of the company.

7. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the directors of the company confirm that:

- (a) In the preparation of the Annual Accounts for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) The directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March, 2024 and of the profit and loss account of the company for that period.
- (c) The directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- (d) The directors have prepared the Annual accounts on a 'going concern basis' and
- (e) The directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all the applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

8. STATUTORY AUDITORS:

The company's Auditor, **M/s. Sheladiya & Jyani**, Chartered Accountants (FRN: 134430W) was appointed for a period of 5 years from the conclusion of 01st AGM till the 06th AGM.

9. AUDITOR'S REMARK:

The observations made in the Auditor's Report are as hereunder.

Instance of accounting software for maintaining books of accounts for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in software.

Director explanation on reservation made by auditors of company is as hereunder:

Due to Deficiency of software systems, our management is taking steps to update the software.

10. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORD:

The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of Cost Records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

11. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES, JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

The company has 1 subsidiary company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024. The details of such companies as per **Form AOC-1 (Annexure-I)** is annexed with audited financial statement.

12. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS U/S 186:

The company has made investments as stated Note No 9 of the Audited Financial Statements. (Please refer the note).

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

All the transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. There were Material Related Party Transactions during the year and details of such transaction are also given in Notes of Audited Financial Statement. Disclosure in Form AOC-2 is attached with this report (**Annexure-II**). All the Related Party Transactions are placed before the Board of Directors for review and approval. Omnibus approval was obtained on a quarterly basis for transactions which are of repetitive nature.

14. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUT GO:

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

The Company continues its efforts to improve methods of energy conservation and utilization. The Company's energy requirement is not large and the power consumption is in conformity with the industry norm.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

The company has installed indigenous technology provided and developed locally. The Company is well equipped and self-sufficient in the matter of technology of manufacturing. The technology is being modernized and improved along with production without incurring additional expenses on research.

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUT GO:

Total foreign exchange earnings is Rs. 45,74,230/- (Previous year Rs. 18,48,390/-).

Total foreign exchange out go is Rs. Nil.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

An effective Risk Management Framework is put in place in the Company in order to analyze, control or mitigate risk. The framework provides an integrated approach for managing the risks in various aspects of the business.

16. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:

The company has developed and maintained adequate measures for internal financial control for the year.

17. SHARE CAPITAL:

During the period under review, there was no change in the capital structure of the company.

18. PUBLIC DEPOSITS:

The details relating to the deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act are as under:

(a) Accepted during the year:

Your company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 2(31) read with Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as such no amount of principal or interest was outstanding as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

(b) Remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year: None

(c) whether there has been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year: None

(d) The details of deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Act: None

19. DISCLOSURE OF UNSECURED LOAN UNDER RULE 2(1)(C)(VIII) OF THE COMPANIES (ACCEPTANCE OF DEPOSITS) RULES, 2014:

The Company has received Unsecured Loan from Directors and their relatives as stated in Note No. 03 of Audited Financial Statements of the company. (Please refer the same)

20. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS OR COURTS:

No significant and material order has been issued by any regulator/court/other authority which impacts the going concern status and company's operation in future.

21. MATERIAL CHANGES:

There have been no material changes in the company from the end of the financial year till the date of this report.

22. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

The Company does not have any employee drawing salary as stipulated under provisions of rule 5(2) of chapter XIII, the companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

23. DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has duly complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of woman at Workplace (Prevention Prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013 and the company has in place an Anti-sexual Harassment policy in line with the requirement of the Act. The following is the summary of the complaints received and disposed off during the financial year:

- a) No. of complaints received: NIL.
- b) No. of complaints disposed off: NIL.

24. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

The Directors express their gratitude to the company's stakeholders and employees of the company. They also take the opportunity to thank the Company's valued customers, suppliers and the shareholders who have extended their support to the company.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

R. L. Chanchad

Rajnikant Chanchad
Director
DIN: 08715741

Nileshbhai Panchani

Nileshbhai Panchani
Director
DIN: 08715742

Place: Surat

Date: 03rd September, 2024

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Name of Company: NITYAS GEMS AND JEWELLERY PRIVATE LIMITED**Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto****1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: None****2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:****(A)**

(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:	Ayaani Diamonds and Jewellery Private Limited; Company in which directors are interested
(b)	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions:	Sales
(c)	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions:	Repetitive Nature Transaction
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	Sale in ordinary course of Business amounting to Rs. 5,75,55,190/- during 2023-24 on Arms' length basis.
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	30.06.2023, 05.09.2023, 09.11.2023 and 23.01.2024
(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	Nil

(B)

(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:	Ayaani Diamonds and Jewellery Private Limited; Company in which directors are interested
(b)	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions:	Purchase
(c)	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions:	Repetitive Nature Transaction
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	Purchase in ordinary course of Business amounting to Rs. 78,06,540/- during 2023-24 on Arms' length basis.
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	30.06.2023, 05.09.2023, 09.11.2023 and 23.01.2024
(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	Nil

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

R. L. Chanchad
Rajnikant Chanchad
 Director
 DIN: 08715741

Nileshbhai Panchani
Nileshbhai Panchani
 Director
 DIN: 08715742

Place: Surat
Date: 03rd September, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To,
The Members,
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited
Surat

Report on Audit of the Financial Statements for financial year 2023-24

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at **March 31st, 2024**, and the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (collectively referred to as 'Financial Statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024, its profit/loss, (changes in equity) on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.



Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The boards of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work, and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on **31st March, 2024** taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:



In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company is a Private Limited Company and hence provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position other than those mentioned in notes to accounts.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) (a) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, no funds have been received by the company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and



(c) On the basis of above representations, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the above representations contained any material mis-statement.

v) The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

vi) Based on our examination which included test checks, except for instance mentioned below, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, other than the consequential impact of the exception given below:

Nature of exception noted:	Details of Exception:
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.	The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company.

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg.No. 134430W

Vipul Sheladiya

CA. Vipul B. Sheladiya
Partner

M. No. - 113763

Date: 03-09-2024

Place: Surat

UDIN: 24113763BKANAU1868



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited
ANNEXURE-A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report to the members of **Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited** ('the Company') for the year ended on **March 31, 2024**.

We report that:

- i. In respect of its Property, Plant & Equipment:
 - (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment;
 - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets; Company does not hold any intangible assets in the books.
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of fixed assets which is, in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification;
 - (c) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, the title deeds of the immovable properties as disclosed in Property, Plant & Equipment (Notes to the Financial Statements) are held in the name of the Company;
 - (d) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year and hence provisions of Clause 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company;
 - (e) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder and hence provisions of Clause 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. In respect of its inventories:
 - (a) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. We have not received stock statement till date of signing this audit report and therefore we are unable to give any opinion on the same.;
 - (b) As per the information and explanation given to us by the management, the Company has availed working capital facility from bank on the basis of security of current assets. Further, the quarterly returns or stock statements submitted to bank have not been provided by company to us so we are unable to give opinion on such clause as on the reporting date.
 - iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to any company, firm, limited liability



Partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security to the parties covered under Section 185. Hence, provisions of Clause 3(iv) of the aforesaid Order in this regard are not applicable to the Company.

Further, the Company has complied with provision of Section 186 of the Act in respect of the loans granted & investments made by it.

- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder to the extent notified.

- vi. In our opinion, as per Notification No. G.S.R.425 dated 30th June, 2014 by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs; nothing is prescribed regarding maintenance of cost records in the case of Jewellery Industries. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- vii. (a) According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, GST, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess and other statutory dues applicable to it;

Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, GST, sales tax, wealth tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax or cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, as at March 31, 2023, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable;

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, GST, duty of customs, cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions that are not recorded in the books of accounts and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

- ix. (a) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to financial institutions and bank;

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority;



- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, term loans have been applied for the purpose for which it is taken;
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
- (e) The Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;
- (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and hence provisions of Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company;
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence provisions of Clause 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- xi. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management. Clause 3(xi)(a) to (c) of the Order is, therefore, not applicable to the Company for the year under audit.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company and hence provisions of Clause 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into the transaction with the related parties in compliance with the provisions of the Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Accounting Standard 18, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the company is not required Internal Audit under Sec 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 commensurate with the size and nature of its business;
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with or the persons connected with him and hence provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered Section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence provisions of Clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company;
- (b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities which requires the Company to obtain Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 and hence provisions of Clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company;
- (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence provisions of Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company;
- (d) The Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group, and hence provisions of Clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. The company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year 2023-24 and in the preceding financial year 2022-23 for further information please refer Cash Flow Statement.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, and hence provisions of Clause 3(xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions and nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.



- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no amount remaining unspent under section (5) of section 135 of Companies Act. Accordingly, provisions of Clause 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- xxi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company need to prepare consolidated financial statements.

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg.No. 134430W

Vipul Sheladiya

CA. Vipul B. Sheladiya
Partner

M. No. - 113763

Date: 03/09/2024

Place: Surat

UDIN: 24113763BKANAU1868



ANNEXURE - B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 3(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the Members of Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited).

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Nityas Gems and Jewellery Private Limited (the "Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section



143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company.
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and;
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods



are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
FRN:134430W

Vipul Sheladiya



CA. Vipul Bhikhubhai Sheladiya
Partner
M.No.: 113763
UDIN: 03-09-2024
Place: Surat
Date: 24113763BKANAU1868

Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
(CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404)
Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024

Sr.No.	Particulars	Notes No.	As at 31-03-2024 (RS. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (RS. In '000)
I.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1.	Shareholders' Funds			
	(a) Share Capital	1	10,000.00	10,000.00
	(b) Reserve and Surplus	2	44,005.97	2,874.10
			54,005.97	12,874.10
2.	Non- Current Liabilities			
	(a) Long Term Borrowings	3	32,582.19	13,072.94
	(b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	4	1.85	39.74
			32,584.04	13,112.68
3.	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Trade Payables	5	16,710.60	23,323.90
	(b) Advance From Customers		-	10,250.85
	(c) Other current liabilities	6	704.43	45.62
	(d) Short-term Provisions	7	7,473.92	1,370.57
			24,888.95	34,990.94
	TOTAL		1,11,478.96	60,977.72
II	ASSETS			
1.	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Property, Plant & Equipment			
	(i) Tangible Assets	8	16,242.31	11,299.05
	(b) Non - Current Investment	9	510.00	-
			16,752.31	11,299.05
2.	Current Assets			
	(a) Inventories		51,345.37	38,149.68
	(b) Trade Receivables	10	40,643.79	6,590.09
	(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	11	533.84	2,031.78
	(d) Other Current Assets	12	2,203.64	2,907.12
			94,726.65	49,678.67
	TOTAL		1,11,478.96	60,977.72

20

Significant Accounting Policies and
Other notes to Financial Statements

As per our report of even date
attached

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg.No.134430W

Vipul Sheladiya

CA Vipul B. Sheladiya
Partner
M. No.: 113763
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024
UDIN: 24113763BKANAU1868



The Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, and Notes thereto are here
by checked and authenticated by us.

For & On Behalf of the Board of Directors
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.

R. L. Chanchad

Rajnikant L Chanchad
Director
08715741
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024

Nileshbhai G Panchani

Nileshbhai G Panchani
Director
08715742
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024

Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
(CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404)
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024

Sr. No.	Particulars	Notes No.	For the Year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	For the Year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
I	Revenue from operations	13	5,36,589.63	1,16,681.97
II	Other Income		-	-
III	Total Income (I + II)		5,36,589.63	1,16,681.97
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of Material Consumed	14	2,74,363.35	54,322.81
	(Increase)/ Decrease In Finished Goods Stock	15	1,63,937.08	42,882.47
	Direct Expenses	16	31,815.52	8,318.08
	Employee Benefits Expenses	17	8,279.10	3,820.20
	Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	8	3,108.87	1,369.74
	Financial Cost	18	1,618.06	442.13
	Selling & Administrative Expenses	19	3,799.63	2,004.14
V	Total Expenses		4,86,921.62	1,13,159.57
VI	Profit before Tax (III-V)		49,668.01	3,522.40
VII	Tax expense:			
	(1) Current tax		8,574.03	608.56
	(2) Deferred tax		(37.89)	39.74
VIII	Profit/(Loss) for the Period (VI-VII)		41,131.87	2,874.10
IX	Earnings per equity share:			
	(1) Basic (In Rs.)		41	3
	(2) Diluted (In Rs.)		41	3
	Nominal value of equity shares (In Rs.)		10	10

20

Significant Accounting Policies and
Other notes to Financial Statements
As per our report of even date
attached

The Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, and Notes thereto
are hereby checked and authenticated by us.

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg.No.134430W

For & On Behalf of the Board of Directors
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.

Vipul Sheladiya

CA. Vipul B. Sheladiya
Partner
M. No.: 113763
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024
UDIN: 24113763BKANAUI868



F. L. Chanchad

Rajnikant L Chanchad
Director
08715741
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024

Nileshbhai G Panchani

Nileshbhai G Panchani
Director
08715742
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024

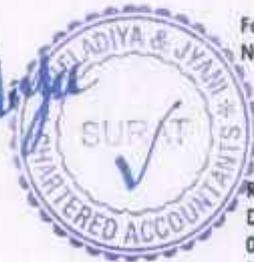
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
(CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404)
Cash Flow Statement as on March 31st, 2024

Particulars	2023-24		2022-23	
	Amount (RS. in '000)			
A. Cash flow from Operating Activities				
Net Profit after Income Tax		41,131.87		2,874.10
Add: Adjustment for:				
Depreciation for the year	3,108.87		1,369.74	
Provision for Taxation	8,574.03		608.56	
Increase in DTA	(37.89)		39.74	
Bank Interest	-	11,645.01	-	2,018.04
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		52,776.88		4,892.14
Add: Adjustment for:				
Increase in Current Liabilities			34,990.94	34,990.94
Decrease in Current Assets		-		
Less: Adjustment for:				
Decrease in Current Liabilities	13,373.35			
Increase in Current Assets	51,848.59	65,221.94	48,255.45	48,255.45
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		(12,445.06)	-	8,372.36
B. Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Fixed Assets		(8,562.13)		12,668.80
Sale of FA				
Bank Interest				
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(8,562.13)		12,668.80
C. Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Add: Adjustment for:				
Issued of Share Capital				10,000.00
Unsecured & Secured Loan taken		19,509.25		13,072.94
Less: Adjustment for:				
Repayment of Loan				
Net Cash generated from financing Activities	(C)	19,509.25	(C)	23,072.94
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A) + (B) + (C)	(1,497.93)	(A) + (B) + (C)	2,031.78
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at 01-04-2023		2,031.78		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at 31-03-2024		533.84		2,031.78

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg.No.134430W

Vipul Sheladiya

CA. Vipul B. Sheladiya
Partner
M. No.: 113763
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024
UDIN: 24113763BKANAU1868



For & On Behalf of the Board of Directors
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.

R. L. Chanchad

Rajnikant L Chanchad
Director
08715741
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024

Niteshbhai G Panchani

Niteshbhai G Panchani
Director
08715742
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024

Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
(CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404)
Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements

1 Share Capital

Particulars	No's	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Authorised 10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	10,00,000	10,000.00	10,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid-up	10,00,000	10,000.00	10,000.00
TOTAL	10,00,000	10,000.00	10,000.00

1.1 Reconciliation of the Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particular	2023-24		2022-23	
	No's	(Rs. In '000)	No's	(Rs. In '000)
At the beginning of the period Equity Share face value of Rs. 10 Each	10,00,000	10,000.00	-	-
Addition during the year Equity Share face value of Rs. 10 Each			10,00,000	10,000.00
Outstanding at the end of the period Equity Share face value of Rs. 10 Each	10,00,000	10,000.00	10,00,000	10,000.00

1.2 Terms/Rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity share having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

1.3 Details of shares in the company held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent:

Name Of Shareholders	2023-24		2022-23	
	In Nos	In %	In Nos	In %
Equity shares:				
Rajnikant L Chanchad	7,80,000	78%	7,80,000	-
Nileshbhai G Panchani	2,20,000	22%	2,20,000	-

from shareholders regarding beneficial interest the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

1.4 Details of shares held by promoters of the company :

Equity shares of Rs.10/ each fully paid Name Of Promoters	2023-24			2022-23		
	In Nos	In %	% Change	In Nos	In %	% Change
Equity shares:						
Rajnikant L Chanchad	7,80,000	78%	-	7,80,000	78%	-
Nileshbhai G Panchani	2,20,000	22%	-	2,20,000	22%	-

Note: The above list of Promoters are disclosed by the management and relied upon by the auditors.



Nitya Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Depreciation Chart
 As Per The Companies Act, 2013

Note : B
 Property, Plant & Equipment's

Sl. No.	Description of Assets	Rate of Depreciation	Gross Block				Depreciation				Net Block			
			As at 01-04-2013	Additions During the Year	Deduction During the Year	As at 31-03-2014	As at 01-04-2013	For the year	Deduction During the Year	As at 31-03-2014	As at 31-03-2014	As at 31-03-2013		
1	Tangible Assets													
1	Plant & Machinery	18.10%	12,161.67	6,526.68	-	18,118.35	1,173.16	2,703.09	3,676.25	15,342.10	11,008.51			
2	Computer & Accessories	43.10%	47424	78444	-	1,238.68	196.98	367.00	543.98	693.10	277.55			
3	Furniture & Fixture	25.80%	-	150.50	-	150.50	-	27.88	27.88	122.62	-			
4	Mobile phone	13.91%	-	180.51	-	180.51	-	10.00	10.00	169.61	-			
1	Intangible Assets													
	Trade Mark	0.00%	1289	-	-	1289	-	-	-	1289	1289			
	TOTAL		12,644.90	8,082.13	-	20,720.92	1,369.74	3,108.87	4,478.61	16,342.31	11,297.06			



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
(CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404)
Notes Forming Part of Financial Statements

2 Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Opening Balance	2,874.10	-
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	41,131.87	2,874.10
TOTAL	44,005.97	2,874.10

3 Long Term Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Secured Loan		
Yes Bank Machinery Loan - 10001	3,547.24	4,522.50
Yes Bank Machinery Loan - 80001	2,770.73	3,532.50
Bank OD		
Yes Bank - 9762	17,702.77	-
Loan from Directors		
Nileshbhai Ghanshyambhai Panchari	590.00	590.00
Rajnikantbhai Lalubhai Chanchad	7,971.44	4,427.94
TOTAL	32,582.19	13,072.94

4 Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)		
Opening Balance	39.74	-
Add: Increase During the Year		39.74
	39.74	39.74
Less: Reduction during the Year	37.89	-
TOTAL	1.85	39.74

5 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Less than 6 months		
Local Cerditors	16,710.60	18,187.00
6 months - 1 year		
Local Cerditors	-	5,136.90
1-2 year		
Local Cerditors	-	-
2-3 years		
Local Cerditors	-	-
More than 3 years		
Local Cerditors	-	-
TOTAL	16,710.60	23,323.90



6 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
TDS payable	165.36	45.62
TCS Payable	29.07	-
Share application Money Payable	510.00	-
TOTAL	704.43	45.62

7 Short-Term Provision

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Audit Fees Payable	50.00	40.00
Income Tax Payable (Net off Advance Tax & TDS/TCS Receivable)	3,271.36	153.10
Salary & Wages Payable	3,902.56	1,077.47
Professional Fees Payable	250.00	100.00
TOTAL	7,473.92	1,370.57

9 Non - Current Investment

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Ratna LGD Private Limited- 51% - Investment	510.00	-
	510.00	-

10 Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Less than 6 months		
Local Debtors	40,643.79	6,590.09
6 months - 1 year		
Local Debtors	-	-
1 -2 year		
Local Debtors	-	-
2-3 years		
Local Debtors	-	-
More than 3 years		
Local Debtors	-	-
TOTAL	40,643.79	6,590.09

11 Cash & Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Cash On Hand	387.37	321.08
Bank Balances		
HDFC Bank - 1983	146.48	523.10
Yes Bank - 9762	-	1,187.60
TOTAL	533.84	2,031.78



12 Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	As at 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Prepaid Insurance Expenses	20.08	30.18
Prepaid Domain Expenses	33.40	44.53
Unamortised Preliminary Expenses	155.13	206.84
Income Tax Refund FY 2022-23	3.22	-
Fixed Deposit	130.00	-
GST Credit	1,861.81	2,625.57
TOTAL	2,203.64	2,907.12

13 Revenue from Operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Sales Account		
Fine Gold	13,903.25	-
Gold Ornaments	4,89,785.97	1,09,462.10
Gold Ornaments - 14k	4,07,781.41	1,04,559.09
Gold Ornaments - 18k	80,029.14	4,454.81
Gold Ornaments - 22K	288.64	-
Lab Grown Diamond	24,724.10	5,687.73
Discount	(2,908.02)	(316.25)
Platinum Jewellery	511.72	1,848.39
Exports	4,574.23	1,848.39
Exchange Rate Diff Gain/Loss	42.53	-
Labour Income	5,955.84	1,848.39
TOTAL	5,36,589.63	1,16,681.97

14 Cost of Raw Material Consumed

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Opening Stock	12,124.06	-
Alloy	354.65	-
Fine Gold	11,622.40	-
Platinum Jewellery	147.01	-
Purchases		
Alloy	658.58	520.68
Fine Gold	2,72,478.51	65,798.70
Discount	(121.09)	(19.52)
Platinum Jewellery	463.35	147.01
Less:		
Closing Stock	11,240.07	12,124.06
Alloy	363.36	354.65
Fine Gold	10,728.51	11,622.40
Platinum Jewellery	148.19	147.01
TOTAL	2,74,363.35	54,322.81



15 (Increase)/ Decrease in Finished Goods Stock & Stock In Process

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Opening Stock of Gold Ornaments	327.19	-
Opening Stock of Lab Grown Diamonds	25,698.43	-
Purchases		
Purchase of Gold Ornaments	23,651.79	375.85
Gold Ornaments 14K Inter	20,383.37	194.65
Gold Ornaments 18K Intra	3,268.42	181.20
Purchase of Lab Grown Diamonds	1,54,364.98	68,532.24
Lab Grown Diamonds - Inter	355.61	140.60
Lab Grown Diamonds - Intra	1,54,009.37	68,391.64
Less:		
Closing Stock of Gold Ornaments	18,747.32	327.19
Closing Stock of Lab Grown Diamonds	21,357.98	25,698.43
TOTAL	1,63,937.08	42,882.47

16 Direct Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Consumable Item	5,222.47	1,462.75
Labour Expenses	5,311.60	1,327.33
Diamond Jewellery Certification Charges	4,663.39	1,873.92
Electricity Expenses	1,300.48	-
Wages & Salary	13,784.95	3,295.66
Hall Marking Charges	1,133.34	331.19
Logistic & Transportation Charges	404.25	27.23
Exchange Rate Diff (Import)	(22.38)	-
Other Charges	17.42	-
	31,815.52	8,318.08

17 Employee Benefits Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. In '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. In '000)
Salaries, Wages, Bonus etc.	8,025.60	3,820.20
Staff Welfare Expenses	73.50	-
Director Remuneration	180.00	-
TOTAL	8,279.10	3,820.20



18 Financial Cost

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. in '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. in '000)
Bank Charges	42.62	10.27
Interest on Secured Loan	799.03	322.36
Interest on CC	400.39	-
Interest on Income Tax	26.37	-
Interest on TDS	12.65	-
Loan Processing Charges	222.00	109.50
CC Facility Fees	115.00	-
TOTAL	1,618.06	442.13

19 Selling and Administrative Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31-03-2024 (Rs. in '000)	For the year ended 31-03-2023 (Rs. in '000)
Business Exhibition Charges	1,341.81	894.24
Advertising Services	366.95	122.50
Audit Fees	60.00	40.00
Professional & Consultancy Expenses	286.00	212.85
Donation	100.00	250.00
Computer-Software Expenses	5.60	23.50
Insurance Expenses	80.33	12.19
Membership Expenses	6.90	11.00
Legal Expenses	53.50	-
Clearing & Forwarding Charges	5.60	-
Electrical Expenses	69.45	-
Office Expenses	266.59	201.56
Packing Charges	-	1.80
Internet & Domain Expenses	11.13	11.13
Penalty Charges	-	5.54
Rent Expense	700.00	-
Preliminary Expenses	51.71	51.71
Printing & Stationery Expenses	35.40	31.00
WebSite Development Expenses	3.50	-
Repair & Maintenance Charges	37.45	-
Travelling Expenses	333.14	135.12
Round Off	(15.43)	-
TOTAL	3,799.63	2,004.14



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

1) Corporate Information

Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd. having CIN: U36996GJ2022PTC131404 is a Company with PAN AAICN2111L and GSTN 24AAICN2111L1Z0 incorporated in India under The Companies Act, 2013 on 26th April, 2022 having its registered office at PLOT NO.7, 6TH AND 7TH FLOOR, RATIH HOUSE, PARSHOTAM COMPOUND VARACHHA ROAD, PODAR ARCADE, KHARIPADA KATARGAM -395008. The Directors are engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of Gold, Silver and Diamond Jewellery.

2) Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost convention following the going concern concept and on accrual basis in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) followed in India, and in compliance with the Accounting Standards (AS) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Further, the guidance notes/ announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India are also considered, wherever applicable. The Company follows mercantile system of accounting and recognizes income and expenditure on accrual basis.

The Company is not liable to follow IND AS nor the Company has voluntarily opted to follow IND AS hence provision of IND AS is not followed.

b) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of Financial Statements requires the Directors of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to the contingent liabilities as at the date of the Financial Statements and reported amounts of income and expense during the year.

Examples of such estimates include provisions for doubtful receivables, employee benefits, provision for income taxes, accounting for contract costs expected to be incurred, the useful lives of depreciable fixed assets and provision for impairment. Future results could differ due to changes in these estimates and the difference between the actual result and the estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialise. Although these estimates are based upon Directors's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively.

The following are the critical judgments and estimations that have been made by the management in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements and/or key sources of estimation uncertainty that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

• **Going Concern**

The management at each close makes an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. In making such evaluation, it considers, inter alia, the quantum and timing of its cash flows, in particular collection of all its recoverable amount and settlement of its obligations to pay creditors and lenders on due dates. The accounting policy choices in preparation and presentation of the financial statements are based on the Company's assessment that the Company will continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future.

• **Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets**

Management reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment at least once a year. Such lives are dependent upon an assessment of both the technical lives of the assets and also their likely economic lives based on various internal and external factors including relative efficiency and operating costs. Accordingly, depreciable lives are reviewed annually using the best information available to the Management.

• **Impairment of non-financial assets**

The management performs annual impairment tests on cash generating units and capital work-in-progress for which there are indicators that the carrying amount might be higher than the recoverable amount. Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model.



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

• **Income Taxes**

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

• **Recoverability of financial assets**

Assessment of recoverability of trade receivables requires significant judgment. Factors considered include the credit rating, assessment of intention and ability of the counter party to discharge the liability, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Items of assets meets the definition of property, plant and equipment and are generally recognized in books at cost of acquisition or construction and all cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to the present condition for its intended use less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any. The cost of acquisition or construction includes of all direct expenses like freight, duties, taxes and incidental expenses.

Input GST on Purchase of fixed assets is taken as Input Credit in the month when purchase is made and such Input Credit is adjusted against Output Tax Liability of that month or subsequent month.

All the assets are physically not verified by the management on regular intervals. The Company reviews the residual value, useful life and depreciation method annually and, if expectation differs from previous estimates, the change is accounted for the change in accounting estimate on prospective basis.

The Company is not maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment;

d) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefit that is attributed to the asset will follow to the firm and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably.

Intangible Assets are valued at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss if any.

e) Depreciation and amortization:

Depreciation has been provided on written down value (WDV) method in the manner specified under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and the same became operational from 01/ 04/ 2014 vide notification no. S.O.902 (E) dated 26/03/2014.

Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 requires the asset to be depreciated over its useful life. The depreciable amount of an asset is the cost of an asset or other amount satisfied for cost less residual value. The useful life of an asset is the period over which an asset is expected to be available for use by the company. The useful life is reviewed once in a year.

f) Inventories:

• The inventories are valued by the Company at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower. Cost is determined on First-in First out', 'Specific Identification', or 'Weighted Average' basis, as the case may be. Cost of inventories comprises of all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

• Determination of estimated net realizable value and specific identification involve technical judgments of the Directors, which has been relied upon by the Auditors.

• Rough Stock is valued at cost by specific identification method which is permissible as per accounting standard.

• Since the determination of cost of rejection and polished diamonds involves visual appraised judgment and is technical in nature, the same is relied upon by us on the basis of technical cost estimation given by the Directors of the Company. Although this policy is in accordance with normal trade practice in the diamond industry, the same is strictly not in accordance with AS - 2 on valuation of inventories issued by the ICAI. So far as the cost is not calculated on FIFO, WAM or any other recognized method using cost accounting principles.

g) Revenue Recognition:

• Revenue is recognised only when risks and rewards incidental to ownership are transferred to the customer, it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

• Revenue from domestic sales is recognized (net of GST) when goods are delivered and title of goods passes to the customers.



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

- Revenue from exports is recognized (net of GST wherever applicable) when delivery of material is physically given to Customs Authorities.
- Interest Income is recognised when Company's right to receive interest is established on the reporting date.
- All other income is recorded on accrual basis except those specified separately.

h) Prior Period and Extra ordinary items:

- i. Any Expenses/Income (other than those arising out of over/under estimation of earlier years) arising as a result of error or omission in preparation of earlier years Financial Statement is shown separately.
- ii. Any material gain/loss which is arising out of event other than that of normal activity of Business is shown separately in financial statement.

i) Investments:

Investments are classified into non-current investments and current investments based on intent of management at the time of making the investments. The investment which are intended to be held for more than one year are classified as non-current and those which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments.

Long term investments are carried at cost less diminution in value wherever the decline is other than a temporary decline. Current investments are valued at the lower of cost or market value.

On disposal of investment, the difference between the carrying amount and net disposal value is charged/ credited to profit and loss account.

Income arising on such investment is Credit to Profit and Loss account as normal business Income.

j) Foreign Currency Transactions:

The functional currency of the Company is determined on the basis of the primary economic environment in which it operates. The functional currency of the Company is Indian National Rupee (INR).

• **Initial recognition**

The transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date (i.e., Closing Rate). Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not restated.

• **Exchange Difference**

Exchange Rate arising on the settlement of monetary items, or on reporting such monetary items of company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statement are recognised as income or as expense in statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

Closing Rate as at the balance sheet date is USD 1 = Rs. 83.37

k) Taxation:

- i. **Current Tax:** Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Provision for income tax is made on the basis of the estimated taxable income for the accounting year in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961.



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

ii. **Deferred Tax:** Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statement.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable Temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax loss can be utilized.

Minimum Alternate Tax/ Alternate Minimum Tax (MAT/ AMT) is accounted as current tax when the company is subjected to such provisions of the Income Tax Act. However, credit of such MAT/AMT paid is available when the company is subjected to tax as per normal provisions in the future. Credit on account of MAT is recognized as an asset based on the management's estimate of its recoverability in the future.

l) Accounting for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by the best estimate of the outflow of economic benefits required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. Where no reliable estimate can be made, a disclosure is made as contingent liability. A disclosure for a contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. A contingent asset, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, an entity shall disclose a brief description of the nature of the contingent assets at the end of the reporting period, and, where practicable, an estimate of their financial effect, measured using the principles set out for provisions in AS.

m) Cash and Cash equivalents :

Cash and Cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash on hand and cash at bank including fixed deposit with original maturity period of three months or less and short term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

n) Leases:

- i. Finance lease: Leases under which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Assets held under finance leases are initially recognized at their fair value at the inception of the lease or at the present value of the minimum lease payments, whichever is lower.
- ii. Operating leases: Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor, are recognized as operating leases. Lease rentals under operating leases are recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis.

o) Brought Forward Loss and Depreciation Allowance:

There is no brought forward loss and depreciation allowance and hence not applicable.

p) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, are capitalized as part of the cost of such qualifying assets. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of profit and loss in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

q) Trade Receivables and Trade Payables

Trade Receivables: Normally terms for Trade receivables are 180 days from the date of invoice in some exceptional cases terms may defer. In Case the delay is more than the terms specified than the management may take necessary action for recovery. During the year there has been default in payment obligation by the customers due to economic slowdown in the industry. Confirmation from such Trade receivables are received by the management. The company is taking all necessary actions for recover of old Trade Receivables.



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

Trade payable: Normally terms for Trade payables are as per the policy of suppliers in case company's fails to pay the amount within the due date of payment the supplier may charge interest for such delay which is debit to profit and loss account. As course of normal business practice and for record purpose, we request all our customers and supplier to provide us with balance confirmation for the year ending balance. Certain Confirmation of balances of Trade Payables including Advances paid to suppliers and Trade Receivables including advance received from customers are awaited and has not been received till the date of finalization of Accounts. Any Adjustment arising out of such Confirmation shall be adjusted in subsequent years.

r) Monetary Assets and Monetary liabilities

Monetary Assets: All the Monetary assets including Trade Receivables, Advance to suppliers, Cash & Bank balance etc. are valued at cost unless their Receivable is doubtful. Management reviews all the balances of monetary assets on regular intervals. Management has confirmed all the balances of financial asset as on 31st march 2023.

Monetary Liabilities: All the Monetary Liabilities including Trade Payables, Advances paid to Suppliers, Unsecured loans, bank overdrafts etc. are valued at cost. Management reviews all the balances of monetary liability on regular intervals. Management has confirmed all the balances of financial asset as on 31st march 2023.

Where the Monetary asset and Liabilities are in currency other than reporting currency then the monetary assets and liability is converted as per the closing rate as on Balance sheet date.

s) Indirect Tax and other Taxes:

- The Company has no block credit under CGST or SGST laws.
- The Company has no Indirect Tax Dues Pending with any authority.
- The Company has not been selected for GST Audit by the GST department till Date.
- Company has complied with all TDS provision wherever applicable.
- As per Good and Service Act Credit need to be reversed for those Creditors which are outstanding for more than 180 days and credit of same shall be taken when the payment is made, but such credit has not been reversed by us.

t) Financial Risk Management

The management reviews the risk management from time to time and the said policy aims enhancing the value of firm and providing optimum risk reward trade off. This risk management is based on clear understanding of variety of risk that the organization faces, disciplined risk monitoring and measurement and continuous risk assessment and mitigation measures.

i. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market conditions. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, credit and default risk and liquidity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and deposits.

ii. Interest Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The company borrowings from banks and the rate of Interest are not fluctuating hence the interest risk to the company is low.

iii. Credit Risk and Default Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables, business advances/deposit given). Since, the Company is not able to timely realize amount due from trade receivables, credit risk in case of Company is very high.

iv. Liquidity risk

The company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and loans. The liquidity position of the company is not good. As the company's is not able to timely realize amount due from trade receivables the company has low liquidity.

v. Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Establishment's functional currency. The company have significant currency risk as the company have significant amount outstanding which is denominated in foreign currency.



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.

Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements

Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

3) Disclosure pursuant to 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:

The Company has initiated the process of identification of suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006, and confirmation relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise has been received from Suppliers. As required by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) the details of MSME whose payment is outstanding for more than 45 days as on the end of quarter is been reported and statement of such MSME's with the amount outstanding as on the end of the quarter is filed in Form MSME 1 regularly.

- 4) In the opinion of the Directors, any of the assets other than Fixed Assets and Non-Current Investments have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.
- 5) In the opinion of the Directors and to the best of their knowledge & belief, the Current Assets, Closing Stock, Loans and Advances are approximately of the value stated, if realized in the ordinary course of business, which is at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet. The provisions for all determined liabilities are adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably required.

6) Related Party Disclosure:

1 List of related party:

Name of related party	Relationship
Rajnikant L Chanchad	Director of Company
Nilesh G Panchari	Director of Company
Ayaani Diamonds and Jewellery Pvt Ltd	Common Director
Rafih Jewels LLP	Director is partner in the LLP

2 Transactions during the year with related Parties:

SR No.	Nature of Transaction	Entities in which KMP / relatives of KMP have significant influence	
		2023-24 (Rs. In '000)	2022-23 (Rs. In '000)
1	Rent Expense		
	Rafih Jewels LLP	700.00	-
2	Loan From Director		
	Rajnikant L Chanchad	3,543.50	3,152.06
3	Remuneration to Director		
	Rajnikant L Chanchad	180.00	
4	Sales		
	Rafih Jewels LLP	2,302.52	-
	Ayaani Diamonds and Jewellery Pvt Ltd	57,555.19	-
5	Purchase		
	Ayaani Diamonds and Jewellery Pvt Ltd	7,806.54	-

7)

8) Deferred Tax:

The major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as on 31st March, 2023 are as below:

Particulars	(DTA)/DTL	2023-24 (Rs. In '000)	2022-23 (Rs. In '000)
Opening Balance	(DTA)/DTL	39.74	-
On account of Depreciation	DTL	(37.89)	39.74
Net Closing Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liabilities :		1.85	39.74



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes -"20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

9) Earnings Per Share:

In accordance with AS – 20 "Earning per Share" notified under section 133 of the companies act 2013 read with rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rule 2014, the basic and diluted earnings per share is being calculated as under:

Basic & Diluted Earnings per share	2023-24 (Rs. In '000)	2022-23 (Rs. In '000)
i) Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (in Rs.)	41,131.87	2,874.10
ii) Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS & Diluted EPS	1,000.00	1,000.00
iii) Basic EPS (in Rs)	41	3
iv) Diluted EPS (in Rs)	41	3

The Company does not have any dilutive potential equity shares. Consequently the basic and diluted earnings per share of the Company remain the same.

10) Segment Reporting

The company operates in a single segment, hence not applicable.

11) Pursuant to the amendments to Schedule III vide MCA circular dated March 24, 2021, the following ratios are presented:

Particulars	31-03-2024	31-03-2023	Remarks
Current ratio	3.81	1.41	-
Debt equity ratio	1.06	3.77	-
Debt service coverage ratio	28.19	4.28	-
Return on equity ratio	76.16%	22.32%	-
Inventory turnover ratio	20.90	6.12	-
Trade receivables turnover ratio in months (annualised)	11.80	35.41	-
Trade payables turnover ratio	14.25	11.61	-
Net capital turnover ratio	7.68	7.94	-
Net profit ratio	7.67%	2.46%	-
Return on capital employed ratio	91.97%	27.36%	-
Return on investment ratio	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-

12) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current period.

13) The Company is not required to spent any amount in terms of provisions of section 135 of the Companies, Act 2013 on Corporate Social Responsibility.

14) The Company is not as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lenders.

15) There are no transactions with the Struck off Companies under Section 248 or 560 of the Companies, Act 2013.

16) No proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988.

17) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

18) The Company had used Property owned by Sister concern for conduct of its business operation, so Electricity and Rent expenses are not being reflected in books of this company as they are wholly borne by the sister concern as mutual understanding.

19) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

20) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)



Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.
Notes Forming Part of the Financial Statements
Notes - "20": Significant Accounting Policies & Other Notes On Financial Statements

21) Clause 44 of 3CD

Details of expenditure reported in the Clause 44 of Form 3CD is provided, certified by the Director of the Company which is test checked and compiled in the required format. However, this may not be accurate as the accounting software used by assessee is not configured to generate report as required under this clause in absence of any prevailing statutory requirement. In addition, the software / system does not capture information relating to the entities falling under composition scheme or supply with ineligible credit. Therefore, it is not possible for us to verify the break-up of total expenditure of entities registered or not registered under the GST and unable to comment on accuracy of information provided therein. Total expenditure reported under the clause includes capital expenditure however does not include Salaries, Depreciation, Remuneration to Director, Interest on capital, Conveyance Expense, SMC Tax, Vatav Kasar, Professional Tax which is not a supply as per GST.

22) Previous year figures

- a) Pursuant to the amendments to Schedule III vide MCA circular dated March 24, 2021, figures are disclosed in rupee in Thousand.
b) Previous year figures have been regrouped and/or reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current year's presentation.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 20 from an integral part of the account as per our report of even date attached.

For, Sheladiya & Jyani
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg.No.134430W

Vipul Sheladiya

CA Vipul B. Sheladiya
Partner
M. No.: 113763
Place : Surat
Date: 03-09-2024
UDIN: 241137638KANAU1868



For & On Behalf of the Board of Directors
Nityas Gems and Jewellery Pvt. Ltd.

Rajnikant L Chanchad

Rajnikant L Chanchad
Director
08715741
Place : Surat

Nileshbhal G Panchani

Nileshbhal G Panchani
Director
08715742
Place : Surat